

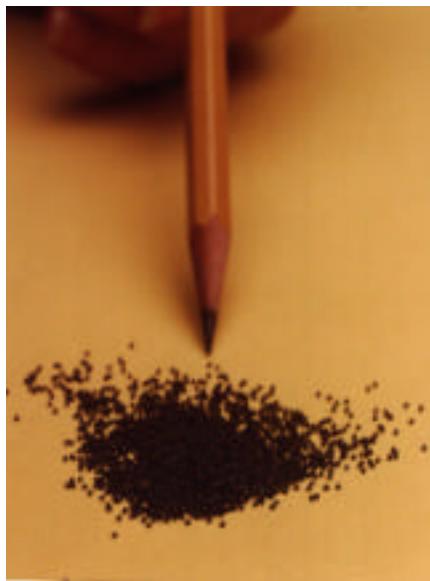
TRISO Fuels Status Report

(ORNL/GA)

David F. Williams (ORNL)

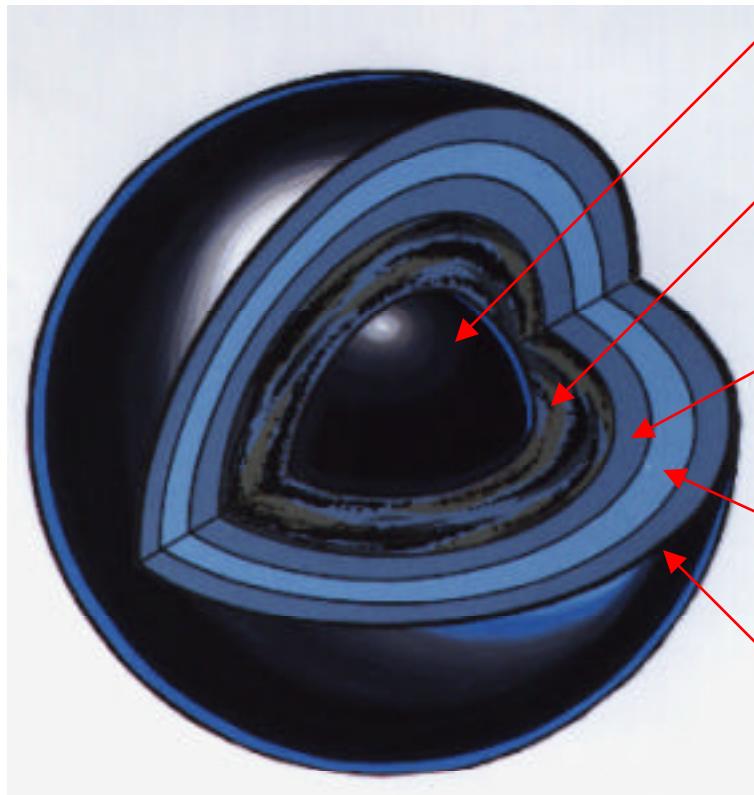
AAA Technical Quarterly Review
July 9, 2002

TRISO Fuels are Designed for High Burnup in Gas-Cooled Reactors



**TRISO
Coated
Particles** → **Compacts** → **Fuel
Assembly**

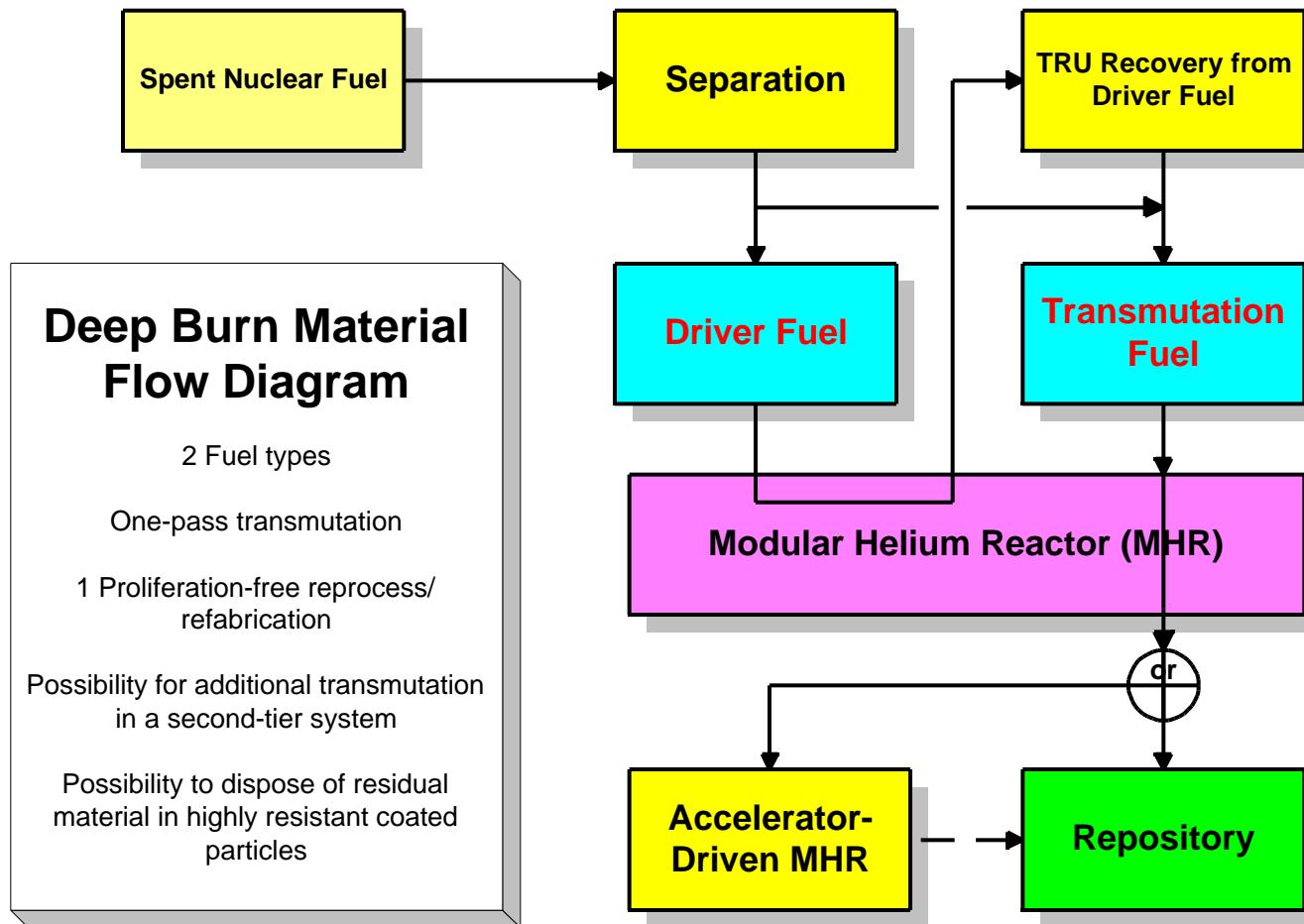
TRISO Particles Retain FP's at High Burnup/Temperature



- Fuel Kernel
 - Provide fission energy/destroy Pu/MA
 - Retain fission products
- Buffer layer (porous carbon layer)
 - Attenuate fission recoils
 - Void volume for fission gases
- Inner Pyrocarbon (IPyC)
 - Provide support for SiC during manuf. and irrad.
 - Prevent Cl- attack of kernel during SiC deposition
 - Retain gaseous fission products
- Silicon Carbide (SiC)
 - Primary load bearing member
 - Retain gaseous and metal fission products
- Outer Pyrocarbon (OPyC)
 - Protects SiC from surroundings
 - Hold SiC in compression

Driver Fuel: Pu/Np oxide
Transmutation Fuel: Pu/Np/Am/Cm oxide

Deep Burn Transmutation Minimizes Number of Fuel Treatment Cycles

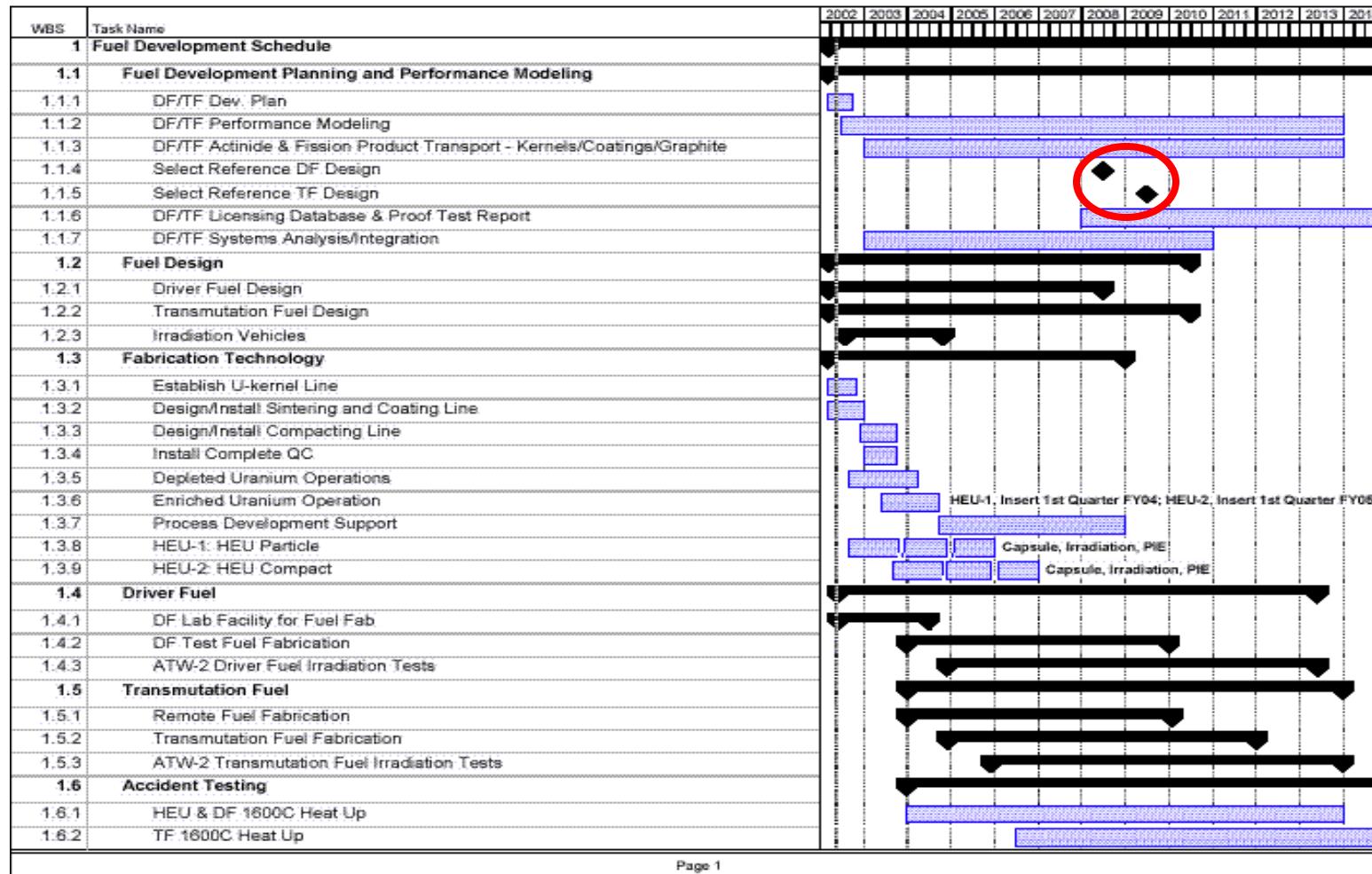


FY02 Activities Support First Steps in Proof-of-Principle

Major FY02 Accomplishments/Milestones:

Non-Radioactive Surrogate TRISO Fabrication
Depleted Uranium TRISO Fabrication
Minor Actinide Kernel Fabrication
TRISO Fabrication Facilities
Preliminary Fuel Design
Fuel Development Plan

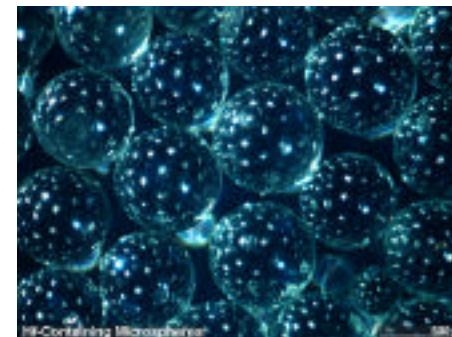
5-Year Plan Supports Early Evaluation of TRISO Fuels



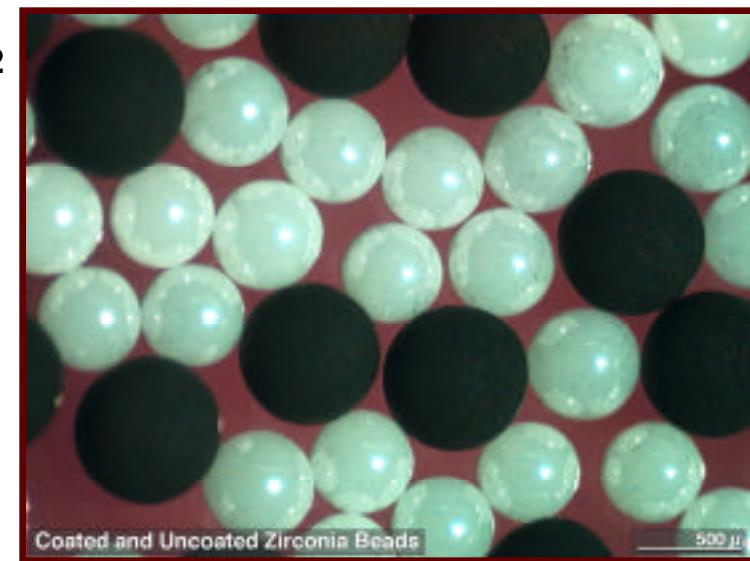
Page 1

TRISO Fuels Activity 1.22.04

**Surrogate kernels made
(HfO₂)**

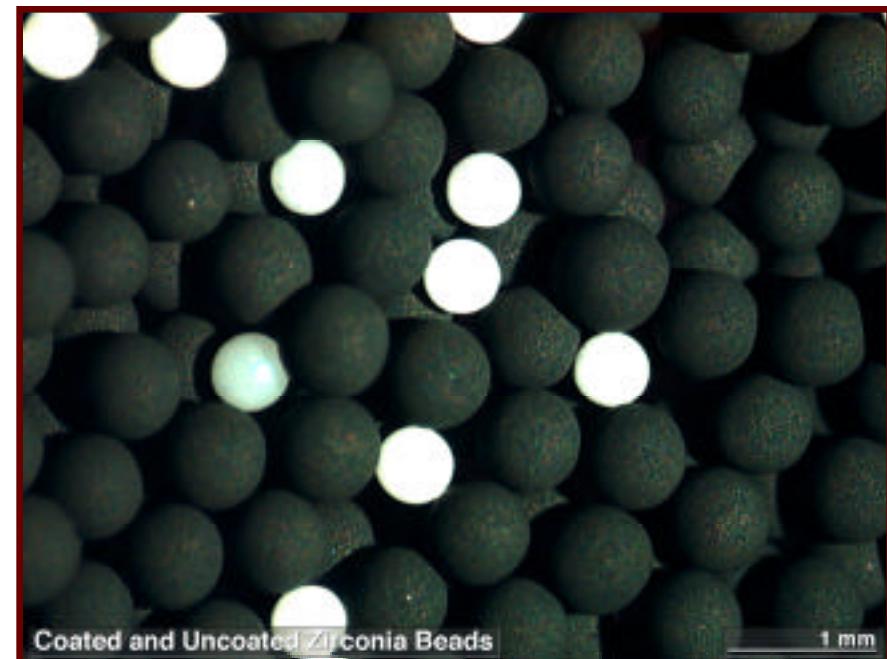
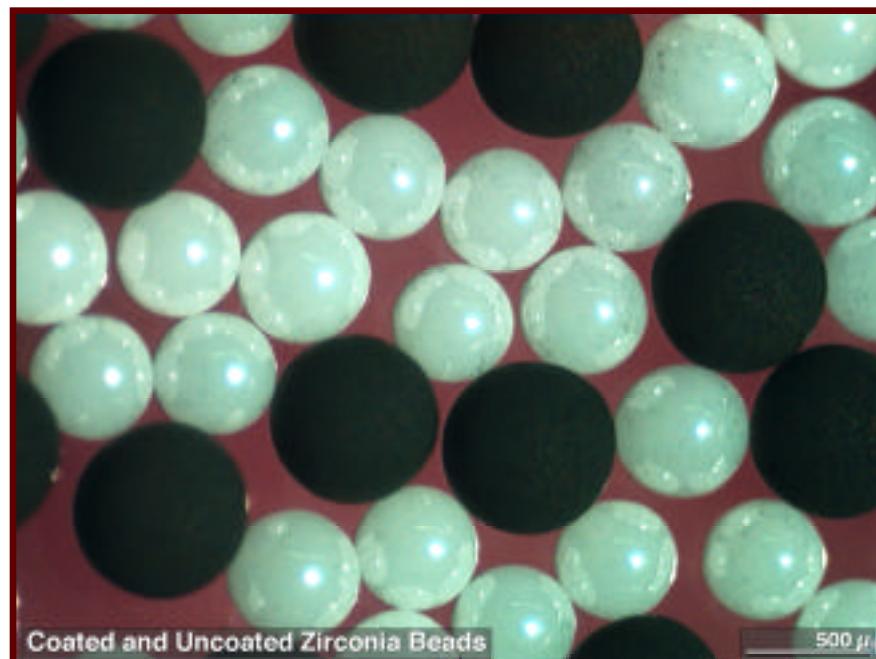
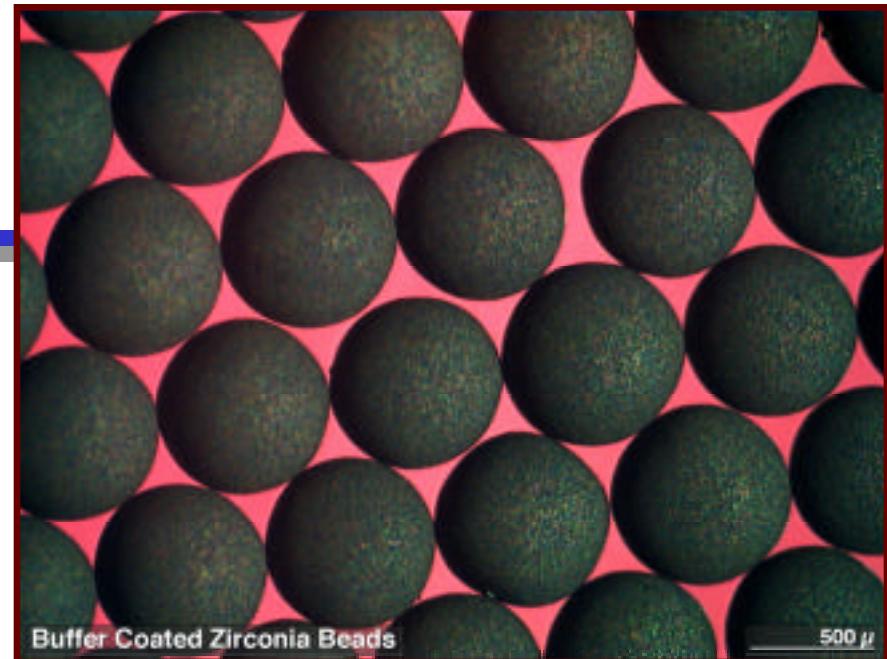
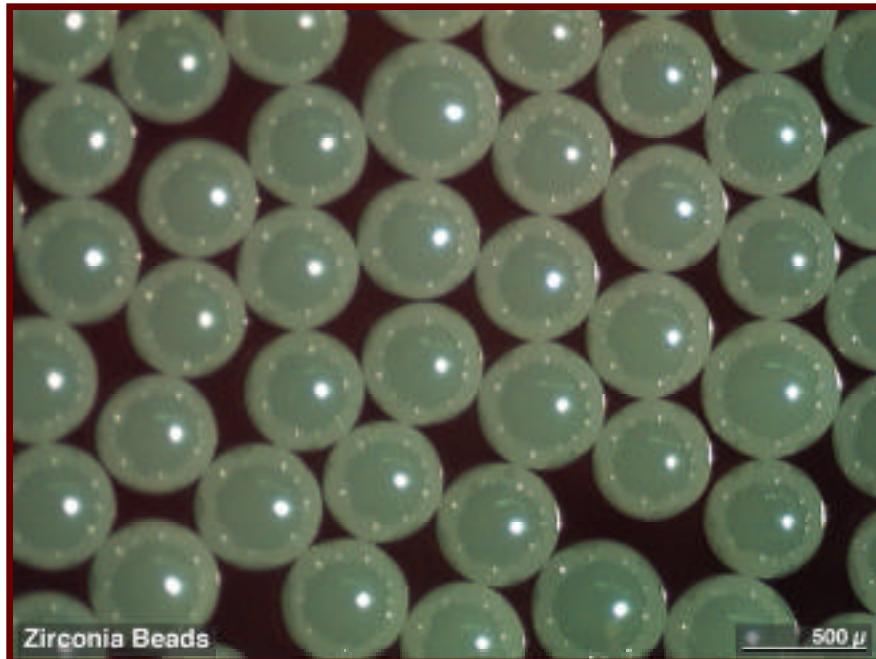


Carbon coating on commercial ZrO₂

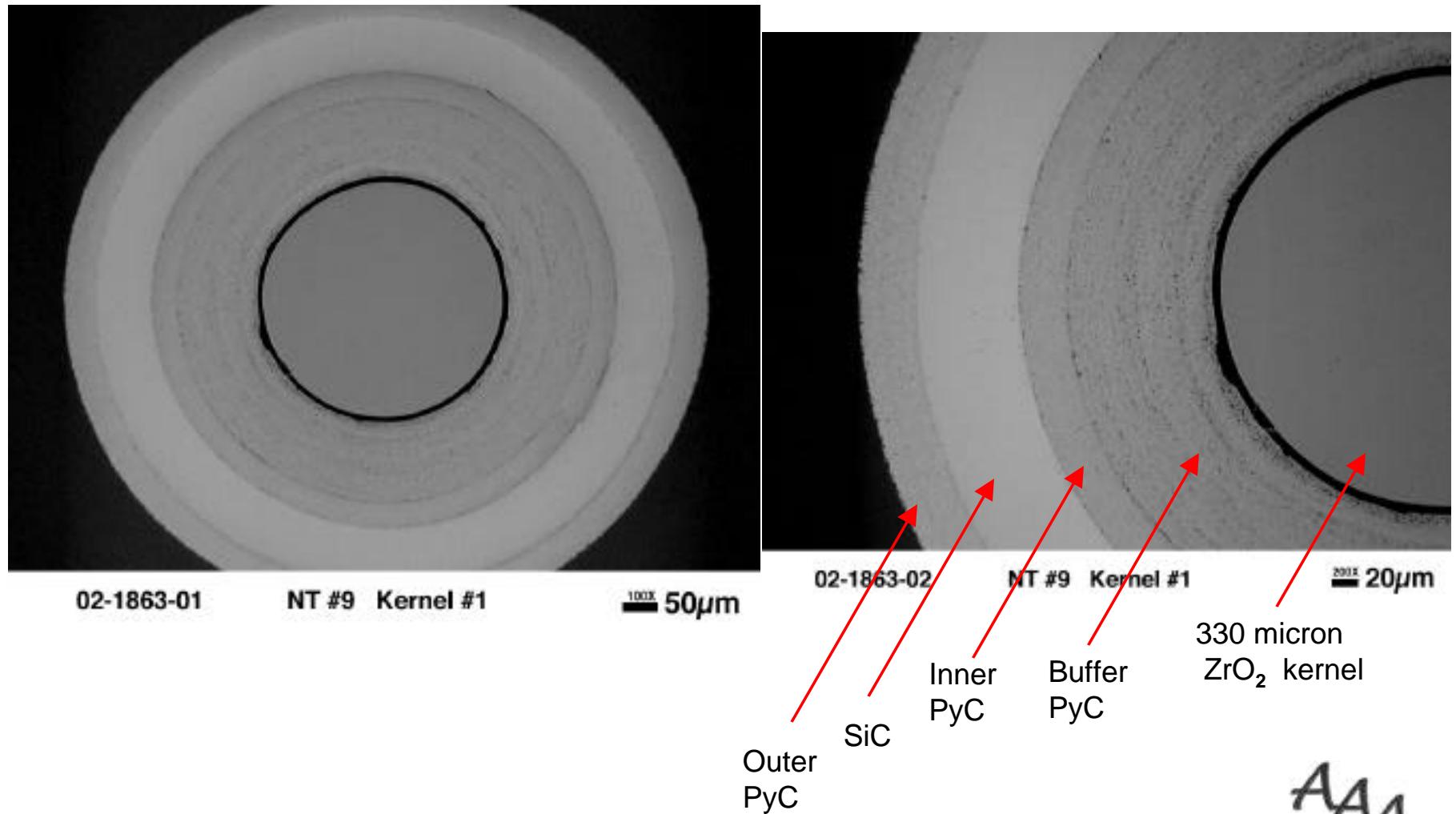


U-Kernels in July

U-coating in August



Surrogate TRISO Fabricated



ORNL Dispersion Fuels Activity 1.22.05

~100 gm Pu/Am/Np resin-loaded kernels to be made and shipped to ANL for CERMET studies by the end of FY02:

**50 gm 150 micron diameter
50 gm 80 micron diameter**

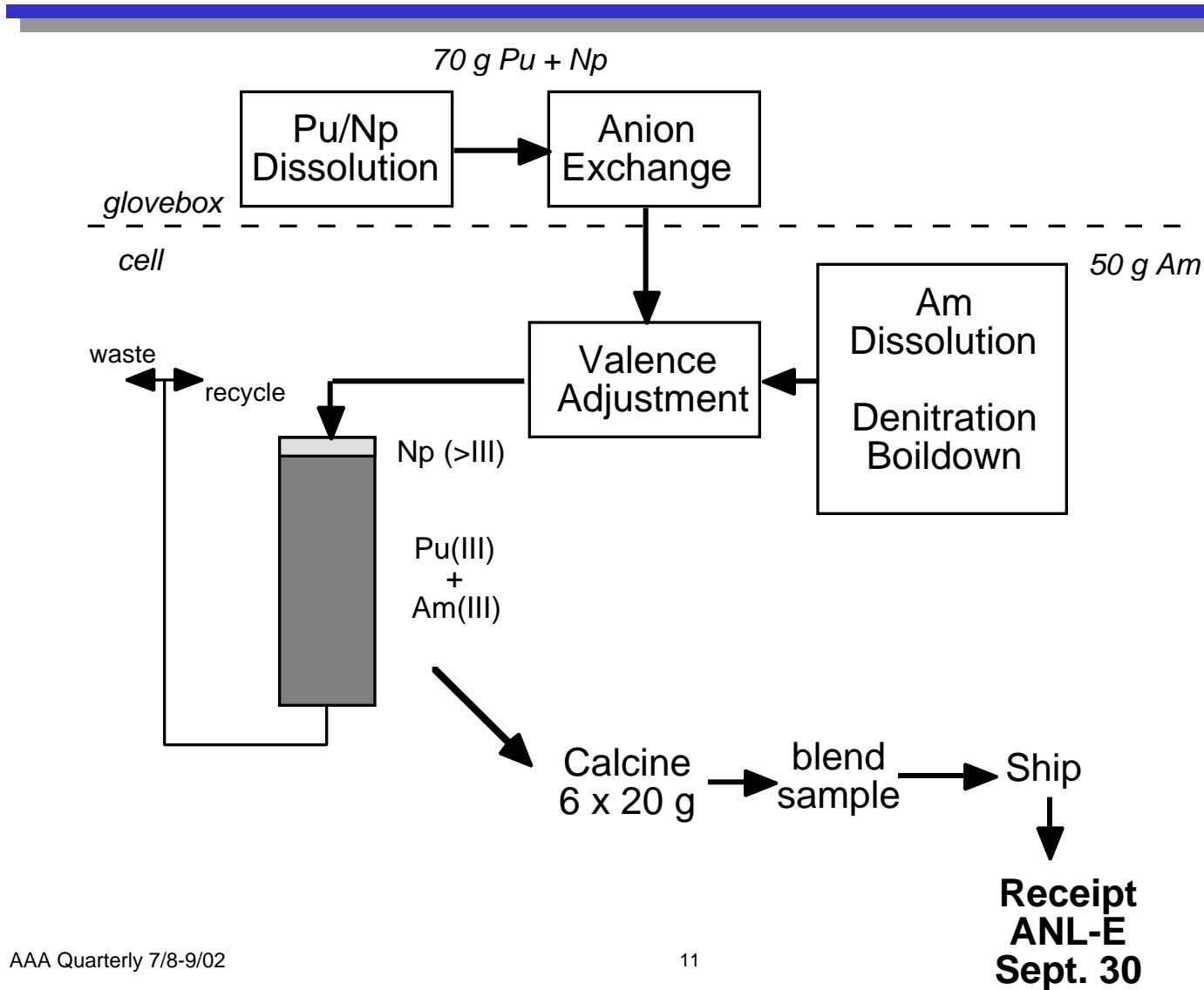
All Materials on hand

Resin-loading process likely to be used for TF

Glovebox dissolution of Pu accomplished

Hot-cell activities scheduled for July-August

Resin-Loading Flowsheet



Coordination with Reactor Transmutation Activity 1.50.01

5-yr. Plan Input:

keys: micro-scale fabrication

potential for shorter time horizon

Fuel Development Plan Input Complete - Issue end of July

Pu/Np kernels flowsheet complete

Preliminary thermochemical analysis of TRISO fuel:

Am-volatility manageable

Oxygen management more difficult for TF

- ZrC getter may be necessary

Am Volatility Manageable in Oxide Systems

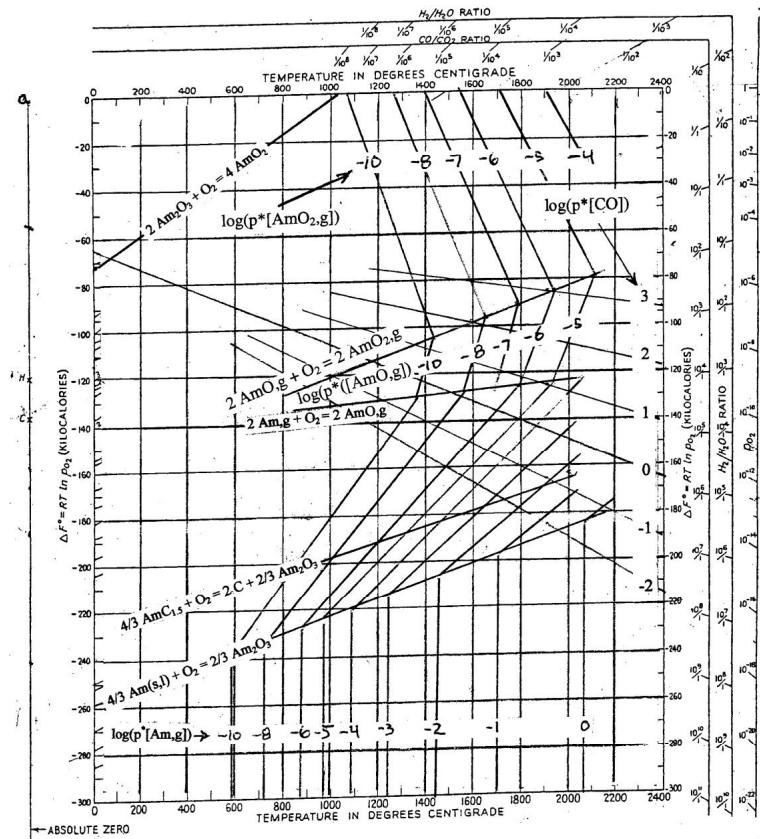


Fig. 1 The Ellingham diagram for the Am-O-C system. The oxygen potentials for the $Am(g)$ - $AmO(g)$ and $AmO(g)$ - $AmO_2(g)$ equilibria are plotted where the two pressures in each equilibria are equal.

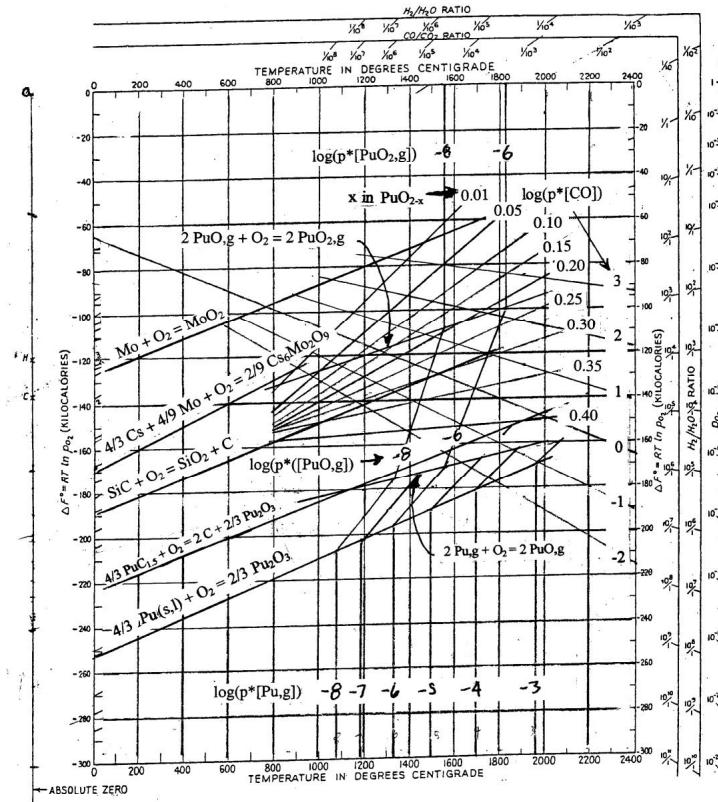
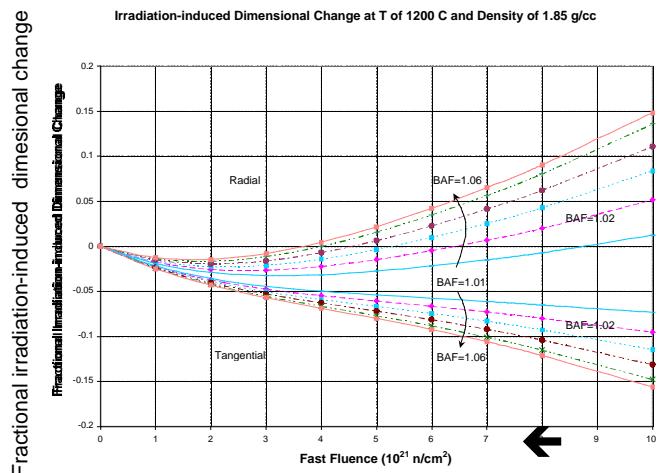
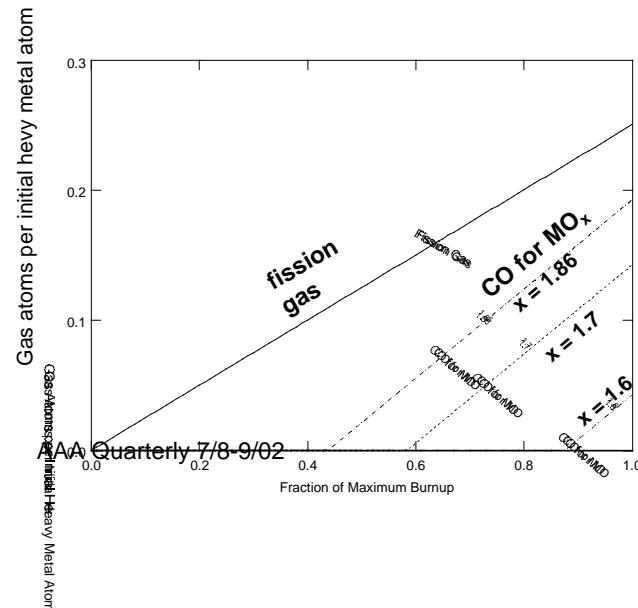


Fig. 2 The Ellingham diagram for the Pu-O-C fuel system. The oxygen potentials for the $Pu(g)$ - $PuO(g)$ and $PuO(g)$ - $PuO_2(g)$ equilibria are plotted where the two pressures in each equilibria are equal. Several equilibria relevant to the chemistry of fuel performance are also plotted.

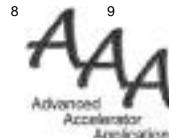
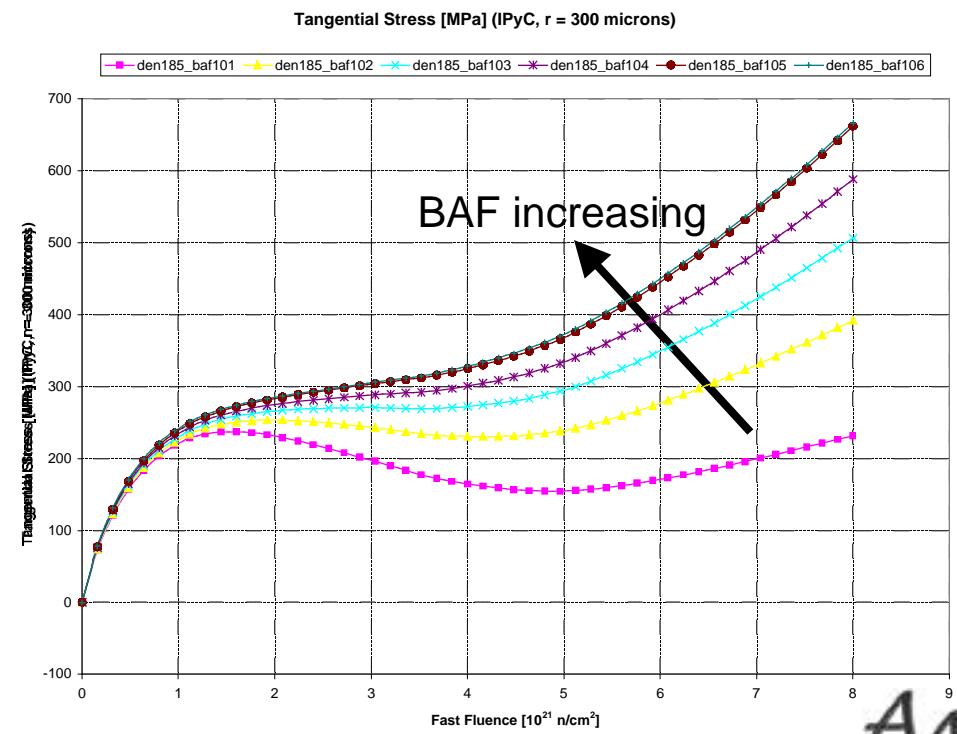
Driver Fuel Design Calculations are being used to evaluate particle design alternatives



Structural Model Input DI/I, a_{co}



IPyC Stress is a strong function of PyC Crystallite orientation



Observations on Particle Design

- Coating performance strongly dependent on PyC performance
- PyC performance is a weak function of internal pressure (BURNUP)
- PyC performance is a strong function of fast neutron fluence
- PyC performance is a strong function of crystallite orientation and Poisson's ratio for irradiation-induced creep
- If either the IPyC or OPyC stays intact, the forces caused by pyrocarbon shrinkage are sufficient to overcome internal pressure forces and keep the SiC in compression (SiC does not fail)
- Proven oxygen management techniques can prevent CO formation (e. g., using ZrC as an oxygen getter)

FY02 Activities Status

COMPLETE:

**Non-Radioactive Surrogate TRISO Fabrication
Fuel Development Plan (ORNL input)**

TO COMPLETE:

**Depleted Uranium TRISO Fabrication
Minor Actinide Kernel Fabrication
U-TRISO Fabrication Lab
Preliminary Fuel Design Review**

ATW-2: TRISO Irradiation Planning

6 separate irradiations:

2 HEU trials to validate DF,TF design and process

HEU-1 (unbonded TRISO)

Fall 2003

HEU-2 (compacts)

Fall 2004

2 DF trials: 1 screening, 1 margin test

screening (DF1,2 : baseline + alternate)

FY05

margin (DF3)

FY07

2 TF trials: 1 screening and 1 margin test

screening (TF1,2: baseline+alternate)

FY06

margin (TF3)

FY08

Irradiations can be done in HFIR, ATR, and a number of Foreign Reactors

Proposed FY03 TRISO Fuels Activities:

Laboratory (1 of 3)

FABRICATION TECHNOLOGY:	4 M
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coating Development• Kernel Fabrication• Quality Control• Sintering• Irradiation Specimen Fabrication• HEU-1 Irradiation Capsule• Compacting Lab	
DRIVER FUEL (DF):	6.25 M
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Complete Kernel Line Installation• Kernel Line Operation (U & Pu/Np)• Finalize High-Alpha Coater Design• Install Coating Sector (partial)	
TRANSMUTATION FUEL (TF) + FUEL ANALYSIS	0.75 M
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fabrication Facility Plans for TRISO• Dispersion Fuel Support	
subtotal-1	\$11M

Proposed FY03 TRISO Fuel Activities:

Design and Analysis (2 of 3)

- **Fuel design, analysis and specifications** (\$0.6M)
 - Structural and chemical design of DF and TF
 - design and specifications for ZrC coatings
for O₂ potential and Palladium attack reduction
- **Fuel systems analyses for transmutation cycles** (\$0.5M)
 - fabrication and handling economic comparisons of Pu Burning only, use of a single particle combining Pu and minor actinides, and the reference two-particle (DF and TF) transmutation cycle
- **Irradiation Test Specifications** (\$0.3M)
 - specifications for test fuel samples
 - specifications for irradiation testing of first (U) particles and compacts

Proposed FY03 TRISO Fuel Activities: Design and Development (3 of 3)

• Technology Transfer	(\$0.6M)
– operations support by GA staff assigned to ORNL	
• Compact Equipment Design and Fabrication	(\$0.7M)
– design and fabricate thermosetting resin compactor system for use in glovebox	
• Remote, automated inspection and quality control equipment design and fabrication	(\$1M)
– design and fabricate advanced (remote, automated) quality inspection and quality control system	
subtotal-2	\$3.7M
TOTAL	\$14.7M